



# KEGG

(Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes)

京都基因与基因组百科全书

郭静



# KEGG



GenomeNet

Bioinformatics Center  
Institute for Chemical Research  
Kyoto University

English 日本語

<http://www.genome.jp/>



访问地址:

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/>

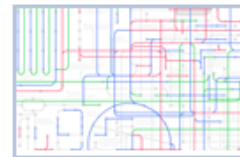
KEGG FTP:

<ftp://ftp.genome.jp/pub/kegg/>





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Combined pathway  
human + gut microbiome

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## KEGG: Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes

A grand challenge in the post-genomic era is a complete computer representation of the cell, the organism, the ecosystem, and the biosphere, which will enable computational prediction of higher-level complexity of cellular processes and organism behaviors from genomic and molecular information. Towards this end we have been developing a bioinformatics resource named KEGG as part of the research projects of the Kanehisa Laboratories in the Bioinformatics Center of Kyoto University and the Human Genome Center of the University of Tokyo.

### ● Main entry point to the KEGG web service

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**KEGG DRUG**      [Drugs](#)      [ATC drug classification](#)  
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### ● Analysis tools

**KEGG Mapper** *New!*      [KEGG PATHWAY and BRITE mapping tools](#)  
**KEGG Atlas**      [Navigation tool to explore KEGG global maps](#)  
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**BLAST/FASTA**      [Sequence similarity search](#)  
**SIMCOMP**      [Chemical structure similarity search](#)  
**PathPred**      [Biodegradation/biosynthesis pathway prediction](#)

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<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/>



# KEGG的产生背景

KEGG是系统分析基因功能的数据库，它将基因组的信息与基因功能联系起来，旨在揭示生命现象的遗传与化学蓝图。如何借助计算机全面地展示细胞和生物所包含的生物学信息是后基因组时代的重大挑战之一。科学家期望能够根据基因组中的信息，用计算机计算或者预测出比较复杂的细胞中的通路或者生物的复杂行为。出于这个目的，日本京都大学生物信息学中心的Kanehisa实验室建立了一个生物信息学数据库KEGG。

1995年5月，日本的教育、科学、体育和文化部携手建立了KEGG数据库。经过了15年的发展，数据库的规模不断的扩大，其应用价值也得到了世界范围内的认可。

KEGG是系统地分析基因功能、链接基因组信息和功能信息的数据库。数据库的维护人员不定期的根据最近出版的一些学术论文和生物学实验得到的数据对该数据库进行更新，来保证数据库的信息与最近的科研成果同步。



# Kanehisa Laboratory



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying <http://kanehisa.kuicr.kyoto-u.ac.jp/>. The page features a green and white design with a circular logo for KUBiC (Kyoto University Bioinformatics Center) and the text "Kanehisa Laboratory in Kyoto". A navigation menu includes links for Home, People, Research, Education, Location, and KEGG. The main content area lists several categories: People, Research Projects (with a sub-link for List of publications Archive), Bioinformatics Education, Database Projects (with sub-links for KEGG and GenomeNet), Views of the Laboratory, and Kanehisa Laboratory in Tokyo. A text box on the right provides a detailed description of the laboratory's research focus. The footer contains logos for the Bioinformatics Center, Institute for Chemical Research, and Kyoto University.

English Japanese

Home People Research Education Location KEGG

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- Research Projects
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- Bioinformatics Education
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- Views of the Laboratory
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DNA, RNA, and proteins are the basic molecular building blocks of life, but the living cell contains additional molecules, including water, ions, small chemical compounds, glycans, lipids, and other biochemical molecules, without which the cell would not function. Because the proteins responsible for biosynthesis, biodegradation, and transport of these additional molecules are encoded in the genome, one may assert that all cellular functions are specified by the genomic DNA sequence. In practice, however, it is not possible to infer higher-level systemic functions of the cell or the organism simply from the molecular sequence information alone. We are developing bioinformatics methods to integrate different types of data and knowledge on various aspects of the biological systems towards basic understanding of life as a molecular interaction/reaction system and also for practical applications in medical and pharmaceutical sciences.

Bioinformatics Center Institute for Chemical Research Kyoto University

<http://kanehisa.kuicr.kyoto-u.ac.jp/>





# Kanehisa Laboratory

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the 'Kanehisa Laboratory - People' page. The page features a decorative background with musical notes and a navigation menu with tabs for Home, People, Research, Education, Location, and KEGG. A 'Photo album' link is also visible. The main content is a list of staff members, organized by title and name, with their respective email addresses and phone numbers.

	Home	People	Research	Education	Location	KEGG
Professor		<b>Minoru Kanehisa</b>	kanehisa@kuicr	kanehisalab@kuicr (office)	0774-38-3270	
Associate Professor		<b>Susumu Goto</b>	goto@kuicr		0774-38-3271	
Assistant Professors		<b>Toshiaki Tokimatsu</b>	tokimatsu@kuicr		0774-38-3093	
		<b>Masaaki Kotera</b>	kot@kuicr		0774-38-3274	
Secretaries		<b>Kaede Yukawa</b>	kaede@kuicr		0774-38-3270	
	(Tokyo)	<b>Yuko Kato</b>	kyuko@hgc		03-5449-5611	
Postdocs		<b>Diego Diez Ruiz</b>	diez@kuicr		0774-38-3296	
		<b>Gemma May Kirwan</b>	gemma@kuicr		0774-38-3296	
		<b>Mika Hirakawa</b>	hirakawa@kuicr		0774-38-3297	
		<b>Michihiro Tanaka</b>	mtanaka@kuicr		0774-38-3272	
Research Associates		<b>Yuki Moriya</b>	moriya@kuicr		0774-38-3092	
		<b>Zenichi Nakagawa</b>	nakagawa@kuicr		0774-38-3092	
		<b>Xin An Huang</b>	xahuang@kuicr		0774-38-3296	
Research Fellow		<b>Masataka Takarabe</b>	takarabe@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Tadahiko Sakiyama</b>	sakiyama@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
Graduate Students		<b>Ritsuko Onuki</b>	onuki@ims		03-5449-5467	
		<b>Wataru Honda</b>	honda@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Ai Muto</b>	muto@kuicr		0774-38-3272	
		<b>Akitsugu Suga</b>	suga@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Yugo Shimizu</b>	shimizu@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Dong Hong Ju</b>	dong@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Sayaka Mizutani</b>	smizutan@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Kazushi Hiranuka</b>	hiranuka@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Megumi Fujita</b>	megumif@kuicr		0774-38-3272	
		<b>Yosuke Nishimura</b>	yosuke@kuicr		0774-38-3272	
		<b>Bekir Erguner</b>	bekir@kuicr		0774-38-3272	
		<b>Tomoko Mihara</b>	mihara@kuicr		0774-38-3272	
		<b>Yuki Okada</b>	okada@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Kong Xiang Shuo</b>	andykong@kuicr		0774-38-3273	
		<b>Zhao Jin</b>	jin@kuicr		0774-38-3273	

<http://kanehisa.kuicr.kyoto-u.ac.jp/people.html>



# Minoru Kanehisa



## Minoru Kanehisa

**Director and Professor, Bioinformatics Center, Institute for Chemical Research, Kyoto University** [[Lab Home](#)]

**Professor, Human Genome Center, Institute of Medical Science, University of Tokyo** [[Lab Home](#)]

After receiving D.Sc. in physics from the University of Tokyo in 1976, Minoru Kanehisa worked in the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, the Los Alamos National Laboratory where he was one of the cofounders of GenBank, and the National Cancer Institute of the National Institutes of Health. Since 1987 he is Professor in the Institute for Chemical Research, Kyoto University, and since April 2001 he is Director of the newly established Bioinformatics Center of Kyoto University. He has also been professor at the Human Genome Center, Institute of Medical Science, University of Tokyo (1991-1995 and 2002-present). Other activities include: concurrent professorship in Kyoto University Graduate Schools of Biological Sciences (1987-present) and Pharmaceutical Sciences (2003-present), visiting professorship in National Institute for Basic Biology in Okazaki (1999-2001), Institute for Advanced Biosciences of Keio University (2001-2003), and the Boston University Bioinformatics Program (2005-present), presidents of the Japanese Society for Bioinformatics (1999-2003) and NPO Bioinformatics Japan (2009-present), principal investigator of the KEGG database project (1995-present), and many more (see the [archive](#)).

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## Directories and Files

<b>pathway/</b>		KEGG PATHWAY (daily updated)
map/		Reference pathways
ko/		Reference pathways (KO)
ec/		Reference pathways (EC)
rn/		Reference pathways (reaction)
organisms/		Organism-specific pathways
pathway		Pathway entries (text data)
map_title.tab		List of pathways available
module		Pathway module entries
<b>brite/</b>		KEGG BRITE (daily updated)
ko/		BRITE hierarchies for KO
br/		BRITE hierarchies for the other categories
jp/		BRITE hierarchies for the other categories in Japanese
organisms/		BRITE hierarchies for organisms (converted from KO)
<b>genes/</b>		KEGG GENES (daily updated except oc)
ko		KEGG ORTHOLOGY (KO) database
genome		KEGG GENOME database
taxonomy		List of organisms
organisms/		KEGG GENES database with manual (KOALA) annotation
organisms_new/		New data for KEGG GENES in preparation (no annotation)
organisms_draft/		KEGG DGENES database with automatic (KAAS) annotation
organisms_est/		KEGG EGENES database with automatic (KAAS) annotation
fasta/		FASTA sequence files for GENES, DGENES, and GENOME databases
oc/		KEGG OC: ortholog clusters computationally generated from KEGG SSDB (updated a few times per month)
<b>ligand/</b>		KEGG LIGAND (daily updated)
compound/		KEGG COMPOUND database
glycan/		KEGG GLYCAN database
reaction/		KEGG REACTION database
rpair/		KEGG RPAIR database
rclass/		KEGG RCLASS database
enzyme/		KEGG ENZYME database
ligand_update.lst		Update status of C/D/G entries
<b>medicus/</b>		KEGG MEDICUS (daily updated)
disease		KEGG DISEASE database
drug/		KEGG DRUG database
edrug		KEGG EDRUG database
<b>xml/</b>		XML files of KEGG pathways (daily updated)
kgml/		KGML (KEGG Markup Language) format files
kgml+/		KGML+ format file for the global map
<b>release/</b>		All of the above (weekly updated)
<b>software/</b>		KegTools

Last updated: September 1, 2010

# 数据类型



# 数据库容量

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## Current Statistics

### KEGG Databases as of 2010/10/12

KEGG PATHWAY	Pathway maps, reference (total)	374 (117,946)
KEGG BRITE	Functional hierarchies, reference (total)	88 (31,939)
KEGG MODULE	Pathway modules and complexes	499
KEGG DISEASE	Human diseases	374
KEGG DRUG	Drugs	9,186
KEGG EDRUG	Crude drugs and other natural products	753
KEGG ORTHOLOGY	KEGG Orthology (KO) groups	13,884
KEGG GENOME	KEGG Organisms	1,452
KEGG GENES	Genes in high-quality genomes (133 eukaryotes, 1099 bacteria, 90 archaea)	5,852,894
KEGG SSDB	Best hit relations within GENES	44,475,288,312
	Bi-directional best hit relations within GENES	780,522,276
KEGG DGENES	Genes in draft genomes (16 eukaryotes)	294,638
KEGG EGENES	Genes as EST contigs (99 eukaryotes)	3,792,883
KEGG MGENES	Genes in metagenomes (15 samples)	669,846
KEGG COMPOUND	Metabolites and other small molecules	16,336
KEGG GLYCAN	Glycans	10,969
KEGG REACTION	Biochemical reactions	8,270
KEGG RPAIR	Reactant pair chemical transformations	12,333
KEGG RCLASS	Reaction class	2,302
KEGG ENZYME	Enzyme nomenclature	5,246

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## Current statistics

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/docs/statistics.html>



# 更新频率

- KEGG数据库更新频繁，几乎每1~2天更新一次





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Category	Entry Point	Release Info	Search & Compute	DBGET Search
Systems information	<a href="#">KEGG PATHWAY</a> <a href="#">KEGG BRITE</a> <a href="#">KEGG Mapper</a> <i>New!</i> <a href="#">KEGG Atlas</a>	New maps Update history Update status New hierarchies Update history Update status	Search objects in pathways Color objects in pathways Search objects in brite Color objects in brite Join relations in brite <i>New!</i> KEGG pathway maps BRITE functional hierarchies KEGG modules	<a href="#">PATHWAY</a> <a href="#">BRITE</a> <a href="#">MODULE</a>
	<a href="#">KEGG MEDICUS</a> <i>New!</i> <a href="#">KEGG DISEASE</a> <a href="#">KEGG DRUG</a>	Update history	Human diseases ATC drug classification	<a href="#">DISEASE</a> <a href="#">DRUG</a> <a href="#">EDRUG</a>
	<a href="#">KEGG ORTHOLOGY</a>		<a href="#">KEGG Orthology (KO)</a>	<a href="#">ORTHOLOGY</a>
Genomic information	<a href="#">KEGG GENES</a> <a href="#">KEGG GENOME</a> <a href="#">KEGG Organisms</a>	New organisms Update history Update status	SSDB search BLAST search FASTA search KAAS automatic annotation Map organisms to taxonomy Generate taxonomy tree KEGG organisms	<a href="#">GENES</a> <a href="#">DGENES</a> <a href="#">EGENES</a> <a href="#">MGENES</a> <a href="#">GENOME</a>
Chemical information	<a href="#">KEGG LIGAND</a> <a href="#">KEGG COMPOUND</a> <a href="#">KEGG GLYCAN</a> <a href="#">KEGG REACTION</a>	Update status	SIMCOMP search SUBCOMP search KCaM search E-zyme reaction prediction PathPred pathway prediction PathComp computation	<a href="#">COMPOUND</a> <a href="#">GLYCAN</a> <a href="#">REACTION</a> <a href="#">RPAIR</a> <a href="#">RCLASS</a> <a href="#">ENZYME</a>

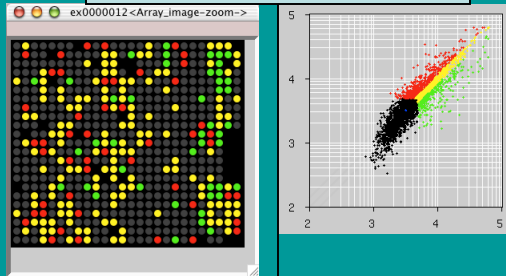
See Kanehisa et al. (2010) for the new features of KEGG.

KEGG 包含的信息大致可以分为三类：  
系统信息，基因组信息和化学信息。



# Databases in KEGG

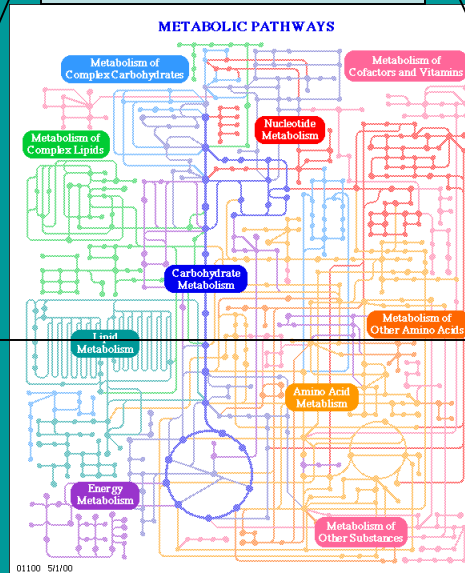
Expression



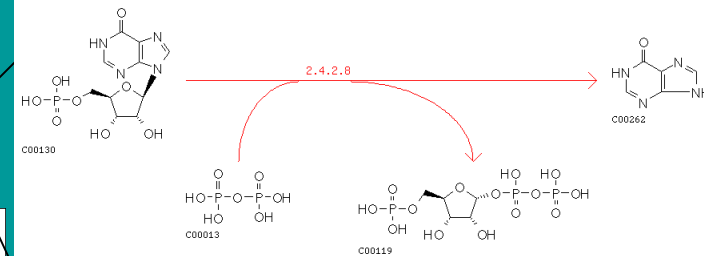
Genomes  
Genes

Information on relations  
between molecules

Pathway



Chemicals and  
their reactions



Orthologs

Sequence  
similarity

# KEGG的特点

与其他数据库相比，KEGG的一个显著特点就是具有强大的图形功能，它利用图形而不是繁缛的文字来介绍众多的代谢途径以及各途径之间的关系，这样可以使研究者能够对其所要研究的代谢途径有一个直观全面的了解。此外KEGG还具有检索系统全面、界面友好等特点。另一方面通过与世界上其它一些大型生物信息学数据库的连接，KEGG可以为研究者提供更为丰富的生物学信息。





# KEGG的用途

KEGG是系统分析基因功能，联系基因组信息和功能信息的知识库。基因组信息存储在GENES数据库里，包括完整和部分测序的基因组序列；更高级的功能信息存储在PATHWAY数据库里，包括图解的细胞生化过程如代谢、膜转运、信号传递、细胞周期，还包括同系保守的子通路等信息；KEGG的另一个数据库LIGAND，包含关于化学物质、酶分子、酶反应等信息。KEGG提供了Java的图形工具来访问基因组图谱，比较基因组图谱和操作表达图谱，以及其它序列比较、图形比较和通路计算的工具有，可以免费获取。

由于KEGG中包括含的数据库比较多下面将选取下面6个比较常用的子数据库，简单演示如何进行数据查询。

KEGG PATHWAY Database(代谢通路数据库)

KEGG BRITE Database(分层分类数据库)

KEGG GENES Database(基因数据库)

KEGG GENOME Database(基因组数据库)

KEGG LIGAND Database(配体数据库)

KEGG EXPRESSION Database(基因芯片数据库)



# 一、代谢通路数据库



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## KEGG: Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes

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**KEGG BRITE** [Functional hierarchies and ontologies](#) [Brite hierarchies](#)  
**KEGG DISEASE** [Human diseases](#) [Disease classification](#)  
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**KEGG COMPOUND** [Chemical compounds](#) [Compound classification](#)  
**KEGG GLYCAN** [Glycans](#)  
**KEGG REACTION** [Reactions](#)

### Organism-specific entry points

**KEGG Organisms** Select   (example) hsa

### Analysis tools

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**BLAST/FASTA** [Sequence similarity search](#)  
**SIMCOMP** [Chemical structure similarity search](#)  
**PathPred** [Biodegradation/biosynthesis pathway prediction](#)

分析工具

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<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/>





## KEGG PATHWAY Database

Wiring diagrams of molecular interactions, reactions, and relations

KEGG2 PATHWAY BRITE DISEASE DRUG KO GENES GENOME LIGAND DBGET

Select prefix

map

Organism

Enter keywords

Go

Help

### Pathway Maps

**KEGG PATHWAY** is a collection of manually drawn pathway maps (see [new maps](#), [change history](#), and [last updates](#)) representing our knowledge on the molecular interaction and reaction networks for:

→ **0. Global Map**

**1. Metabolism**

[Carbohydrate](#) [Energy](#) [Lipid](#) [Nucleotide](#) [Amino acid](#) [Other amino acid](#) [Glycan](#)  
[Cofactor/vitamin](#) [Terpenoid/PK](#) [Other secondary metabolite](#) [Xenobiotics](#) [Overview](#)

**2. Genetic Information Processing**

**3. Environmental Information Processing**

**4. Cellular Processes**

**5. Organismal Systems**

**6. Human Diseases**

and also on the structure relationships (KEGG drug structure maps) in:

**7. Drug Development**

**KEGG Atlas** may now be used to examine any of the KEGG pathway maps.

### Pathway Entries and Pathway Modules

Pathway entries are text representation of pathway maps, containing descriptions (for a limited number of entries, at the moment). **Pathway modules** are specification of subnetworks that correspond to tighter functional units, each represented as a list of KO identifiers (K numbers).

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/pathway.html>



# Metabolism

## 0. Global Map

### 0.1 Metabolism

→ Metabolic pathways [zoom out]  
Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites [zoom out] *New!*

Launch KEGG Atlas  
Launch KEGG Atlas

## 1. Metabolism

### 1.1 Carbohydrate Metabolism

Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis  
Citrate cycle (TCA cycle)  
Pentose phosphate pathway  
Pentose and glucuronate interconversions  
Fructose and mannose metabolism  
Galactose metabolism  
Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism  
Starch and sucrose metabolism  
Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism  
Pyruvate metabolism  
Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism  
Propanoate metabolism  
Butanoate metabolism  
C5-Branched dibasic acid metabolism  
Inositol phosphate metabolism

Enzymes  
Compounds with biological roles

### 1.2 Energy Metabolism

Oxidative phosphorylation  
Photosynthesis  
Photosynthesis - antenna proteins  
Carbon fixation in photosynthetic organisms  
Reductive carboxylate cycle in photosynthetic bacteria  
Methane metabolism *Major update!*  
Nitrogen metabolism  
Sulfur metabolism

Photosynthesis proteins

### 1.3 Lipid Metabolism

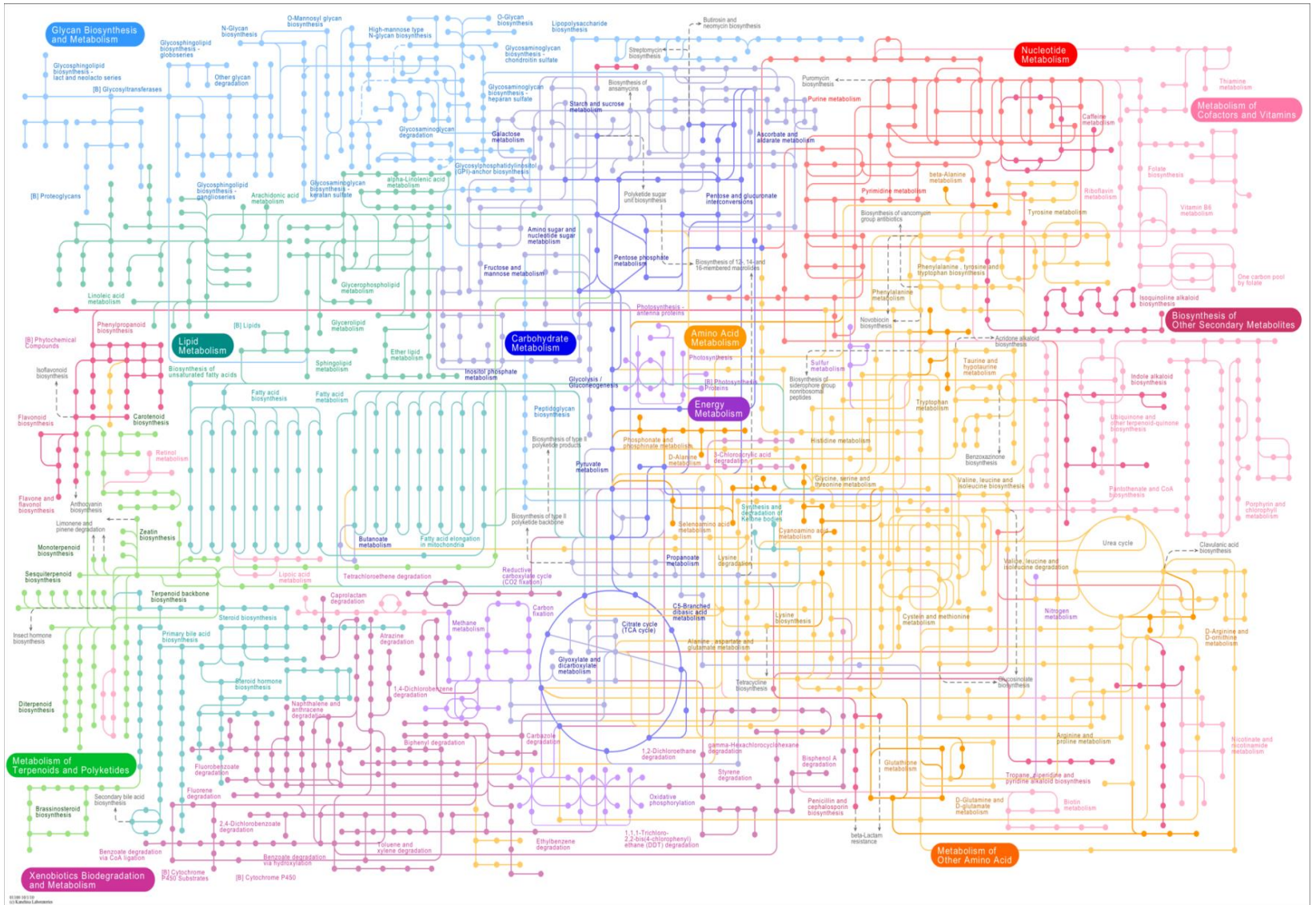
Fatty acid biosynthesis  
Fatty acid elongation in mitochondria  
Fatty acid metabolism  
Synthesis and degradation of ketone bodies  
Steroid biosynthesis  
Primary bile acid biosynthesis  
Secondary bile acid biosynthesis  
Steroid hormone biosynthesis  
Glycerolipid metabolism  
Glycerophospholipid metabolism  
Ether lipid metabolism  
Sphingolipid metabolism  
Acylcarnitine metabolism

Lipids  
Lipid biosynthesis proteins

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/pathway.html#global>







# Metabolic pathways (KEGG全局通路图)



---

## 0. Global Map

### 0.1 Metabolism

[Metabolic pathways \[zoom out\]](#)

[Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites \[zoom out\]](#) *New!*

[Launch KEGG Atlas](#)

[Launch KEGG Atlas](#)

---

## 1. Metabolism

### 1.1 Carbohydrate Metabolism

[Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis](#)

[Citrate cycle \(TCA cycle\)](#)

[Pentose phosphate pathway](#)

[Pentose and glucuronate interconversions](#)

[Fructose and mannose metabolism](#)

[Galactose metabolism](#)

[Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism](#)

[Starch and sucrose metabolism](#)

[Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism](#)

[Pyruvate metabolism](#)

[Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism](#)

[Propanoate metabolism](#)

[Butanoate metabolism](#)

[C5-Branched dibasic acid metabolism](#)

[Inositol phosphate metabolism](#)

[Enzymes](#)

[Compounds with biological roles](#)

### 1.2 Energy Metabolism

[Oxidative phosphorylation](#)

[Photosynthesis](#)

[Photosynthesis - antenna proteins](#)

[Carbon fixation in photosynthetic organisms](#)

[Reductive carboxylate cycle in photosynthetic bacteria](#)

[Methane metabolism](#) *Major update!*

[Nitrogen metabolism](#)

[Sulfur metabolism](#)

[Photosynthesis proteins](#)

### 1.3 Lipid Metabolism

[Fatty acid biosynthesis](#)

[Fatty acid elongation in mitochondria](#)

[Fatty acid metabolism](#)

[Synthesis and degradation of ketone bodies](#)

[Steroid biosynthesis](#)

[Primary bile acid biosynthesis](#)

[Secondary bile acid biosynthesis](#)

[Steroid hormone biosynthesis](#)

[Glycerolipid metabolism](#)

[Glycerophospholipid metabolism](#)

[Ether lipid metabolism](#)

[Sphingolipid metabolism](#)

[Arachidonic acid metabolism](#)

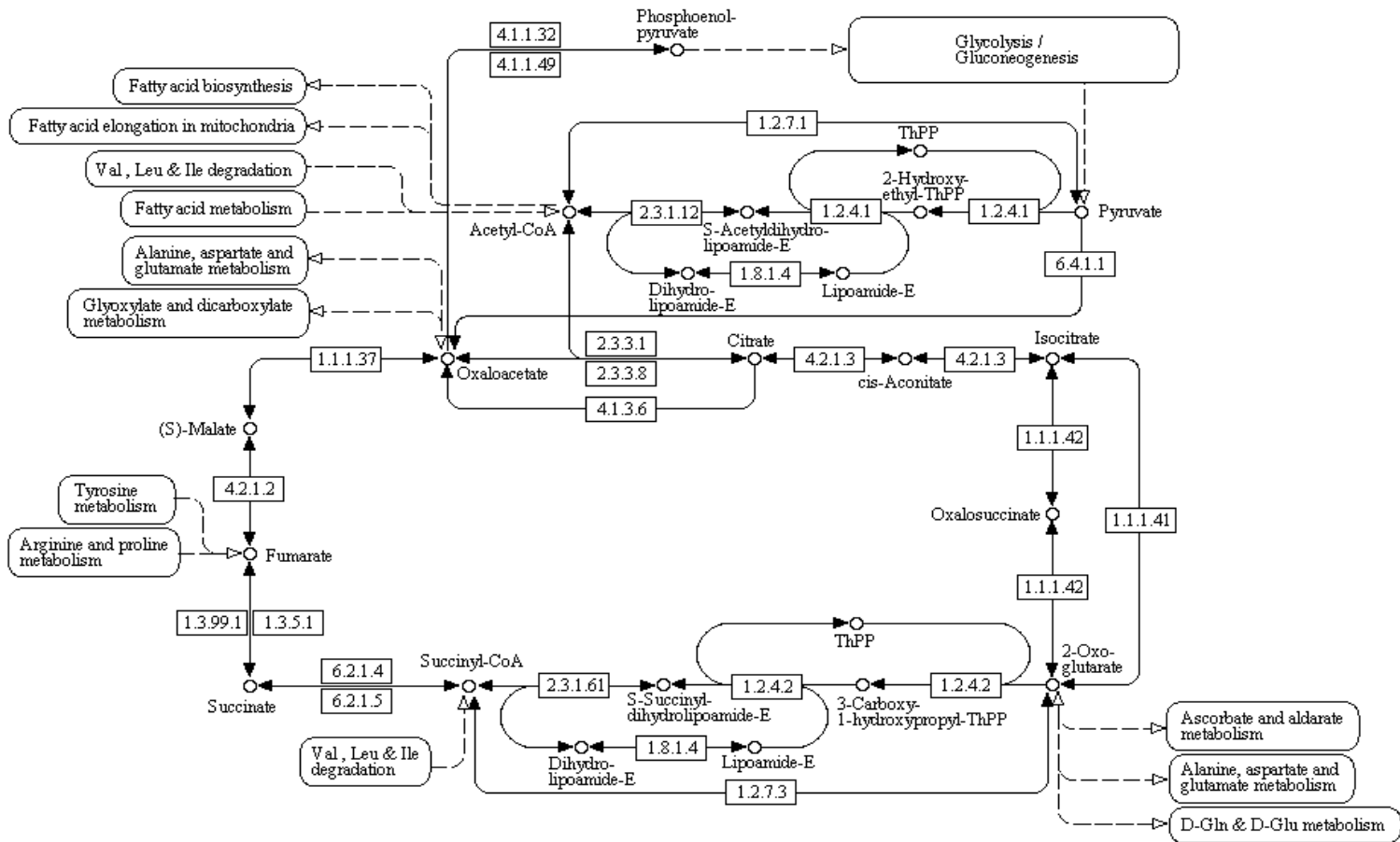
[Lipids](#)

[Lipid biosynthesis proteins](#)





# CITRATE CYCLE (TCA CYCLE)



00020 6/24/10  
(c) Kanehisa Laboratories

## TCA循环的代谢通路(Reference pathway)



## 二、分层分类数据库



### KEGG BRITE Database

Functional hierarchies and binary relationships of biological entities

[KEGG2](#) [PATHWAY](#) [BRITE](#) [DISEASE](#) [DRUG](#) [KO](#) [GENES](#) [GENOME](#) [LIGAND](#) [DBGET](#)

#### Functional Hierarchies

**KEGG BRITE** is a collection of hierarchical classifications (see [new hierarchies](#), [change history](#), and [last updates](#)) representing our knowledge on various aspects of biological systems. In contrast to KEGG PATHWAY, which is limited to molecular interactions and reactions, KEGG BRITE incorporates many different types of relationships.

The hierarchies, especially those with additional tab-delimited fields, can better be examined with a desktop application called KegHier, which works on Mac, Windows, and Linux platforms.

- [Download KegHier](#)

Search BRITE hierarchies for

KEGG identifiers only

#### Brite Mapping

KEGG BRITE mapping is the process to map molecular datasets, especially large-scale datasets in genomics, transcriptomics, proteomics, and metabolomics, to the BRITE functional hierarchies for biological interpretation of higher-level systemic functions.

- [Search objects in BRITE hierarchies](#)
- [Color objects in BRITE hierarchies](#)

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/brite.html>



# 三、基因数据库



## KEGG GENES Database

Molecular building blocks of life in the genomic space

KEGG2    PATHWAY    BRITE    KO    GENES    SSDB    GENOME    Organisms

Enter org:gene    (Example) syn:ssr3451

---

### Gene Catalogs

**KEGG GENES** is a collection of gene catalogs for all complete genomes (see [release history](#)) generated from publicly available resources, mostly NCBI RefSeq. They are subject to SSDB computation and KO assignment (gene annotation) by KOALA tool. KEGG DGENES for draft genomes of some eukaryotes and KEGG EGENES for EST datasets of mostly plants are supplementary gene catalogs, which are given automatic KO assignment by KAAS with GENES used as a reference data set. There is now a fourth type of gene catalogs, MGENES for metagenomes (see also [KEGG GENOME](#)) with automatic annotation. The viral gene catalog, VGENES, is not yet fully integrated in the KEGG system.

Gene catalog	Category	Remark
<a href="#">GENES</a>	Complete genomes	High-quality genomes with KOALA and manual annotations
<a href="#">DGENES</a>		Draft genomes with automatic (KAAS) annotation
<a href="#">EGENES</a>	EST datasets	EST contigs with automatic (KAAS) annotation
<a href="#">MGENES</a>	Metagenomes	Metagenomes with automatic (KAAS) annotation
<a href="#">VGENES</a>	Viruses	No annotation; available only in <a href="#">DBGET</a>

GENES     55236       

bfind mode     bget mode

Organism                

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/genes.html>





Search

GENES



for 55236

Go

Clear

Database: GENES - Search term: 55236 (Total 23 hits)

[hsa:55236](#)

UBA6, FLJ10808, FLJ23367, MOP-4, UBE1L2; ubiquitin-like modifier activating enzyme 6; K10699 ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1-like protein 2 [EC:6.3.2.19]

[ptr:455236](#)

DVL2; dishevelled, dsh homolog 2 (Drosophila); K02353 dishevelled

[mmu:12068](#)

Bet1, AW555236, Bet-1; blocked early in transport 1 homolog (S. cerevisiae); K08504 blocked early in transport 1

[ssc:100155236](#)

DENND2C; DENN/MADD domain containing 2C

[ecb:100055236](#)

PIP4K2B; phosphatidylinositol-5-phosphate 4-kinase, type II, beta; K00920 1-phosphatidylinositol-5-phosphate 4-kinase [EC:2.7.1.149]

[spu:755236](#)

similar to KIAA0979 protein

[ame:552365](#)

lin, GB16309; lines

[ame:552362](#)

GB10631; similar to veli CG7662-PA, isoform A

[ame:552367](#)

dys, GB13740; dysfusion

[ame:552361](#)

GB16715; similar to solute carrier family 25 (carnitine/acylcarnitine translocase), member 20

[ame:552366](#)

GB10825; hypothetical LOC552366

[ame:552360](#)

GB16907; similar to CG3033-PA

[ame:552363](#)

GB13735; similar to CG4552-PA

[ame:552364](#)

cin, GB11831; molybdenum cofactor synthesis protein cinnamon; K03750 molybdopterin biosynthesis protein MoeA

[ame:552368](#)

GB18271; similar to CG31547-PB, isoform B

[ame:552369](#)

similar to bitesize CG33555-PA, isoform A

[tca:655236](#)

similar to CG5934-PA

[pop:POPTR\\_552368](#)

hypothetical protein

[pop:POPTR\\_655236](#)

hypothetical protein

[pop:POPTR\\_552367](#)



<b>Entry</b>	55236 CDS <a href="#">H.sapiens</a>
<b>Gene name</b>	UBA6, FLJ10808, FLJ23367, MOP-4, UBE1L2
<b>Definition</b>	ubiquitin-like modifier activating enzyme 6
<b>Orthology</b>	<a href="#">K10699</a> ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1-like protein 2 [EC:6.3.2.19]
<b>Pathway</b>	<a href="#">hsa04120</a> Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis
<b>Class</b>	Genetic Information Processing; Folding, Sorting and Degradation; Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis [PATH: <a href="#">hsa04120</a> ] <a href="#">BRITE hierarchy</a>
<b>SSDB</b>	<a href="#">Ortholog</a> <a href="#">Paralog</a> <a href="#">GFIT</a>
<b>Motif</b>	Pfam: <a href="#">ThiF</a> <a href="#">UBA_e1_C</a> <a href="#">UBACT</a> <a href="#">UBA_e1_thiolCys</a> <a href="#">Pyr_redux_2</a> <a href="#">adh_short</a> <a href="#">Motif</a>
<b>Other DBs</b>	NCBI-GI: <a href="#">150417996</a> NCBI-GeneID: <a href="#">55236</a> OMIM: <a href="#">611361</a> HGNC: <a href="#">25581</a> HPRD: <a href="#">13341</a> Ensembl: <a href="#">ENSG00000033178</a> UniProt: <a href="#">A0AVT1</a>
<b>Position</b>	<a href="#">4q13.2</a>
<b>AA seq</b>	1052 aa <a href="#">AA seq</a> <a href="#">DB search</a> MEGSEPVAAHQGEEASCSSWGTGSTNKNLPIMSTASVEIDDALYSRQRYVLGDTAMQKMA KSHVFLSGMGGGLGLEIAKNLVLGAIKAVTIHDTEKCQAWDLGTFNPFLEDDVVNKRNR AVLKHIAELNPNVYVHTSSSVPFNETTDLDFLDKYQCIVLTEMKLPKINDFCRSQC IKFISADVHGIWSRLFCDFGDFEVLDTTGEEPKEIFISNITQANPGIVTCLNHPKLE TGQFLTFRINGMTGLNGSIQQITVISPFSSFSIGDTTELEPYLHGGIAVQVKTPKTVFFE SLERQLKHPKCLIVDFSNPEAPLEIHTAMLALDQFQEKYSRKPVNGCQQDSEELLKLATS ISETLEEKPDVNADIVHWSWTAQGFSLPLAAAVGGVASQEVKAVTGKFSPLCQWLYLE AADIVESLGGKPECEEFPRGDRYDALRACIGDTLCQKLQNLNIFLVGCGAIGCEMLKNFA LLGVGTSKEKGMITVTDPLIEKSNLNRQFLFRPHHIQPKSYTAADATLKINSQIKIDA HLNKVCPTTETIYNDEFYTKQDVIIITALDNVEARRYVDSRCLANLRPLLDSGTMGTGHT

All links

- Pathway (1)
  - [KEGG PATHWAY](#) (1)
- Disease (1)
  - [OMIM](#) (1)
- Chemical reaction (1)
  - [KEGG ENZYME](#) (1)
- Genome (1)
  - [KEGG GENOME](#) (1)
- Gene (13)
  - [KEGG ORTHOLOGY](#) (1)
  - [NCBI-Gene](#) (1)
  - [NCBI-GI](#) (7)
  - [UniGene](#) (1)
  - [HGNC](#) (1)
  - [HPRD](#) (1)
  - [ENSEMBL-HSA](#) (1)
- Protein sequence (8)
  - [UniProt](#) (1)
  - [RefSeq\(pep\)](#) (1)
  - [IPI](#) (6)
- DNA sequence (7)
  - [RefSeq\(nuc\)](#) (1)
  - [GenBank](#) (3)
  - [EMBL](#) (3)
- Protein domain (6)
  - [Pfam](#) (6)
- All databases (38)

# 四、基因组数据库



## KEGG GENOME Database

Organisms and ecosystems with genome sequence information

KEGG2    PATHWAY    BRITE    KO    GENES    SSDB    GENOME    Organisms

Enter KEGG organism code or use Organism button to select

Organism  Go Clear (Examples) hsa mmu dme cel ath sce eco bsu syn mja

### KEGG Organisms and Ecosystems

KEGG GENOME has been a collection of KEGG organisms (see [release history](#)), which are the organisms with known complete genome sequences supplemented by those with massive EST datasets (see also [KEGG GENES](#)). KEGG GENOME is being extended in three ways. First, it now contains metagenomes representing environmental samples (ecosystems) of genome sequences for multiple species. Second, KEGG organisms with high-quality KOALA annotation can now be combined computationally to examine, for example, reconstructed pathways for pangenomes and organism groups. Third, virus genomes will be integrated and virus genes will be annotated.

Category		Genome	Identifiers	Gene catalog	Annotation
Organisms	Complete genomes	GENOME	T0 numbers or three-letter organism codes	GENES	KOALA
	EST datasets		T1 numbers or four-letter organism codes starting with "d"	DGENES	KAAS
			T2 numbers or four-letter organism codes starting with "e"	EGENES	KAAS
Metagenomes		T3 numbers	MGENES	KAAS	
Pangenomes			Generic species names	GENES	KOALA
Viruses		VGENOME	RefSeq identifiers	VGENES	None

Search GENOME for  Go Clear

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/genome.html>







## KEGG Organisms: Complete Genomes

Eukaryotes: 133 + 16(draft) Bacteria: 1099 Archaea: 90

[ Genomes | ESTs | Meta | Pan ]

### Eukaryotes

Category		Species	Source
Vertebrates	Mammals	hsa Homo sapiens (human)	RefSeq
		ptr Pan troglodytes (chimpanzee)	RefSeq
		mcc Macaca mulatta (rhesus monkey)	RefSeq
		mmu Mus musculus (mouse)	RefSeq
		rno Rattus norvegicus (rat)	RefSeq
		cfa Canis familiaris (dog)	RefSeq
		bta Bos taurus (cow)	RefSeq
		ssc Sus scrofa (pig)	RefSeq
		ecb Equus caballus (horse)	RefSeq
		mdo Monodelphis domestica (opossum)	RefSeq
		oaa Ornithorhynchus anatinus (platypus)	RefSeq
	Birds	gga Gallus gallus (chicken)	RefSeq
		tgu Taeniopygia guttata (zebra finch)	RefSeq
	Amphibians	xla Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog)	RefSeq
		xtr Xenopus tropicalis (western clawed frog)	RefSeq
	Fishes	dre Danio rerio (zebrafish)	RefSeq
		dfru Fugu rubripes (Japanese puffer fish)	Ensembl
		dtni Tetraodon nigroviridis (green spotted puffer)	GenBank
		dola Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)	Ensembl
Lancelets	bfo Branchiostoma floridae (Florida lancelet)	RefSeq	
Ascidians	cin Ciona intestinalis (sea squirt)	RefSeq	
Echinoderms	spu Strongylocentrotus purpuratus (purple sea urchin)	RefSeq	

[http://www.genome.jp/kegg/catalog/org\\_list.html](http://www.genome.jp/kegg/catalog/org_list.html)



## Prokaryotes

Category		Species	Year	Source
Escherichia		eco Escherichia coli K-12 MG1655	1997	RefSeq
		ecj Escherichia coli K-12 W3110	2001	RefSeq
		ecd Escherichia coli K-12 DH10B	2008	RefSeq
		ebw Escherichia coli K-12 MC4100(MuLac) BW2952	2009	RefSeq
		ece Escherichia coli O157:H7 EDL933 (EHEC)	2001	RefSeq
		ecs Escherichia coli O157:H7 Sakai (EHEC)	2001	RefSeq
		ecf Escherichia coli O157:H7 EC4115 (EHEC)	2008	RefSeq
		etw Escherichia coli O157:H7 TW14359 (EHEC)	2009	RefSeq
		ej Escherichia coli O26:H11 11368 (EHEC)	2009	RefSeq
		eoi Escherichia coli O111:H- 11128 (EHEC)	2009	RefSeq
		eoh Escherichia coli O103:H2 12009 (EHEC)	2009	RefSeq
		ecg Escherichia coli O127:H6 E2348/69 (EPEC)	2008	RefSeq
		eok Escherichia coli O55:H7 CB9615 (EPEC)	2010	RefSeq
		ecc Escherichia coli O6:K2:H1 CFT073 (UPEC)	2002	RefSeq
		ecp Escherichia coli O6:K15:H31 536 (UPEC)	2006	RefSeq
		eci Escherichia coli O18:K1:H7 UTI89 (UPEC)	2006	RefSeq
		ecv Escherichia coli O1:K1:H7 (APEC)	2006	RefSeq
		ecx Escherichia coli O9 HS (commensal)	2007	RefSeq
		ecw Escherichia coli O139:H28 E24377A (ETEC)	2007	RefSeq
		ecm Escherichia coli SMS-3-5 (environmental)	2008	RefSeq
		ecy Escherichia coli O152:H28 SE11 (commensal)	2008	RefSeq
		ecr Escherichia coli O8 IAI1 (commensal)	2009	RefSeq
		ecq Escherichia coli O81 ED1a (commensal)	2009	RefSeq
		eck Escherichia coli 55989 (EAEC)	2009	RefSeq
		ect Escherichia coli O7:K1 IAI39 (ExPEC)	2009	RefSeq
		eum Escherichia coli O17:K52:H18 UMN026 (ExPEC)	2009	RefSeq
		ecz Escherichia coli O45:K1:H7 S88 (ExPEC)	2009	RefSeq
		ecl Escherichia coli C ATCC 8739	2008	RefSeq
		ebr Escherichia coli B REL606	2009	RefSeq
		ebd Escherichia coli BL21-Gold(DE3)pLysS AG	2009	RefSeq
	efer Escherichia fergusonii	2008	RefSeq	
	sty Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi CT18	2001	RefSeq	



# Escherichia coli K-12 MG1655

选Genome map



**Genome  
Module**

**Blast**

**Pathway  
Taxonomy**

**Brite**

Search genes:

Go

Clear

## Genome information

<b>T number</b>	<a href="#">T00007</a>
<b>Org code</b>	eco
<b>Aliases</b>	E.coli, ECOLI, 511145
<b>Full name</b>	Escherichia coli K-12 MG1655
<b>Definition</b>	Escherichia coli K-12 MG1655
<b>Annotation</b>	manual
<b>Taxonomy</b>	TAX: <a href="#">511145</a>
<b>Lineage</b>	Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales; Enterobacteriaceae; Escherichia
<b>Data source</b>	<a href="#">RefSeq (Project:225)</a>
<b>Original DB</b>	<a href="#">Wisconsin</a> , <a href="#">Pasteur</a> , <a href="#">RegulonDB</a> , <a href="#">EcoGene</a> , <a href="#">ECOCYC</a>
<b>Chromosome</b>	Circular
<b>Sequence</b>	RS: <a href="#">NC_000913</a>
<b>Length</b>	4639675
<b>Statistics</b>	Number of nucleotides: 4639675 Number of protein genes: 4144 Number of RNA genes: 175
<b>Reference</b>	PMID: <a href="#">9278503</a>



[Genome info](#)

[Pathway maps](#)

[Brite hierarchies](#)

[Genome map](#)

[Organism list](#)

Number of nucleotides: 4639675  
Number of protein genes: 4144  
Number of RNA genes: 175

### Genome map browser



Locate Gene ID :

### Genome comparison tools

Select organism

- Gene cluster search
- Dot matrix

[KEGG2](#)

[PATHWAY](#)

[BRITE](#)

[GENES](#)

[LIGAND](#)

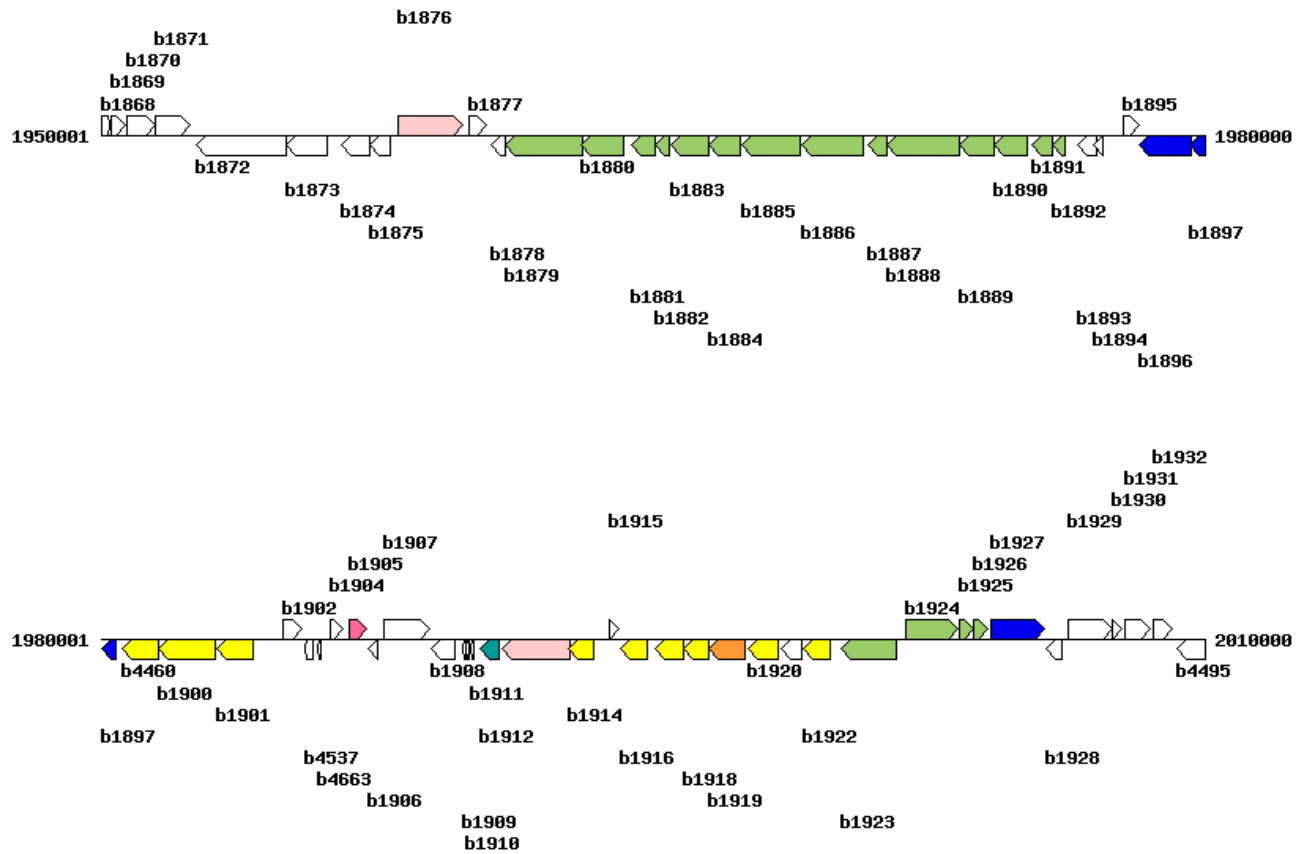
[DISEASE](#)

[DRUG](#)

# KEGG Genome map - Escherichia coli K-12 MG1655

from 1950001bp to 2100000bp

[ORF Color](#) [PATHWAY](#) [LIST](#)



# 五、配体数据库



## KEGG LIGAND Database

Molecular building blocks of life in the chemical space

小分子编号  
C00389  
或名称  
Quercetin  
(橡黄素)

Enter C/G/R numbers (Example) C00389 C05903 C06562 C08650 C09727 C09762

C00389

Pathway mapping Brite mapping Get title Get entry Clear

### Chemical Substances and Reactions

**KEGG LIGAND** contains our knowledge on the universe of chemical substances and reactions that are relevant to life. It is a composite database consisting of COMPOUND, GLYCAN, REACTION, RPAIR, RCLASS, and ENZYME databases, whose entries are identified by C, G, R, RP, RC, and EC numbers, respectively. ENZYME is derived from the IUBMB/IUPAC Enzyme Nomenclature, but the others are internally developed and maintained.

	Database	Identifier	Content	Specialized entry point
LIGAND	COMPOUND	C number	Chemical compound structures	KEGG COMPOUND
	GLYCAN	G number	Glycan structures	KEGG GLYCAN
	REACTION	R number	Biochemical reactions	KEGG REACTION
	RPAIR	RP number	Reactant pair alignments	
	RCLASS	RC number	Reaction class	
	ENZYME	EC number	Enzyme nomenclature	

Search LIGAND for  Go Clear

bfind mode  bget mode

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/ligand.html>





# Pathway Search Result

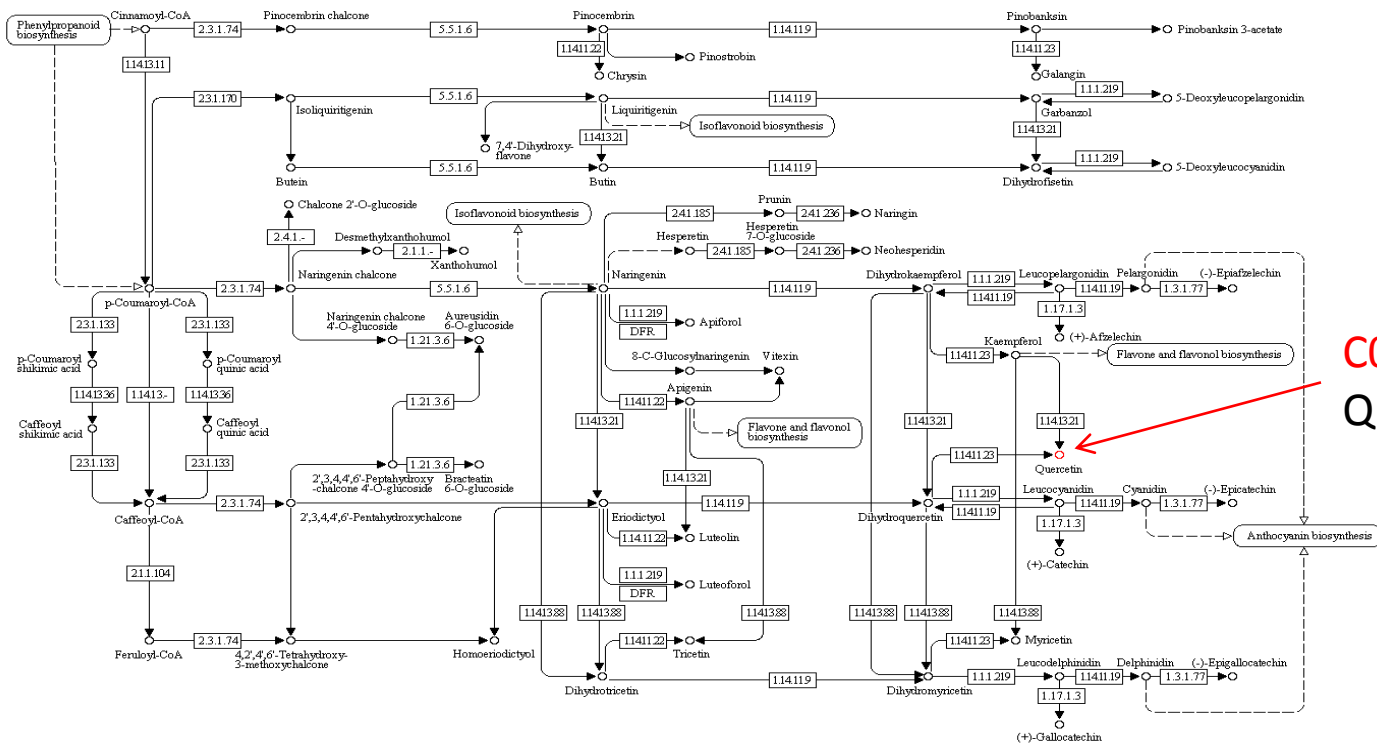
Sort by the pathway list

Show all objects

## 黄酮合成途径

- map00941 Flavonoid biosynthesis (1)
- map00944 Flavone and flavanol biosynthesis (1)
- map01100 Metabolic pathway (1)
- map01110 Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites (1)

### FLAVONOID BIOSYNTHESIS



C00389  
Quercetin





## KEGG LIGAND Database

Molecular building blocks of life in the chemical space

小分子编号  
C00389  
或名称  
Quercetin  
(橡黄素)

KEGG2	PATHWAY	BRITE	LIGAND	COMPOUND	GLYCAN	REACTION
-------	---------	-------	--------	----------	--------	----------

Enter C/G/R numbers (Example) C00389 C05903 C06562 C08650 C09727 C09762

### Chemical Substances and Reactions

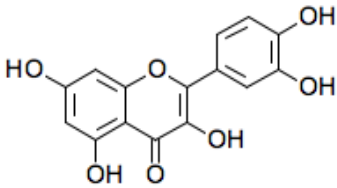
**KEGG LIGAND** contains our knowledge on the universe of chemical substances and reactions that are relevant to life. It is a composite database consisting of COMPOUND, GLYCAN, REACTION, RPAIR, RCLASS, and ENZYME databases, whose entries are identified by C, G, R, RP, RC, and EC numbers, respectively. ENZYME is derived from the IUBMB/IUPAC Enzyme Nomenclature, but the others are internally developed and maintained.

Database	Identifier	Content	Specialized entry point	
LIGAND	COMPOUND	C number	Chemical compound structures	<a href="#">KEGG COMPOUND</a>
	GLYCAN	G number	Glycan structures	<a href="#">KEGG GLYCAN</a>
	REACTION	R number	Biochemical reactions	<a href="#">KEGG REACTION</a>
	RPAIR	RP number	Reactant pair alignments	
	RCLASS	RC number	Reaction class	
	ENZYME	EC number	Enzyme nomenclature	

Search  for

bfind mode  bget mode



Entry	C00389	Compound
Name	Quercetin; 3,3',4,5,7-Pentahydroxyflavone; 3,5,7,3',4'-Pentahydroxyflavone	
Formula	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	
Mass	302.0427	
Structure	 <p>C00389</p> <p>Mol file KCF file DB search Jmol KegDraw</p>	
Remark	BRITE hierarchy	
Reaction	R02156 R02157 R02158 R02159 R02160 R02436 R06538 R06810	
Pathway	ko00941 Flavonoid biosynthesis ko00944 Flavone and flavonol biosynthesis ko01100 Metabolic pathways ko01110 Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites	
Enzyme	1.13.11.24      1.14.11.23      1.14.13.21      2.1.1.76 2.4.1.91      2.4.1.237      2.8.2.25      3.2.1.66	
Other DBs	CAS: 117-39-5 PubChem: 3679 ChEBI: 16243 KNApSACk: C00004631 PDB-CCD: QUE 3DMET: B00102 NIKKAJI: J2.907F	
KCF data	Show	

» Japanese version

小分子C00389的详细信息

## All links

Ontology (4)  
KEGG BRITE (4)  
Pathway (2592)  
KEGG PATHWAY (2591)  
KEGG MODULE (1)  
Drug (20)  
KEGG DRUG (8)  
KEGG EDRUG (12)  
Chemical substance (31)  
PubChem (1)  
ChEBI (1)  
3DMET (1)  
HMDB (1)  
HSDB (1)  
KNApSACk (1)  
MASSBANK (23)  
NIKKAJI (1)  
PDB-CCD (1)  
Chemical reaction (26)  
KEGG ENZYME (8)  
KEGG REACTION (8)  
KEGG RPAIR (10)  
All databases (2673)

C00389在其它  
数据库的连接

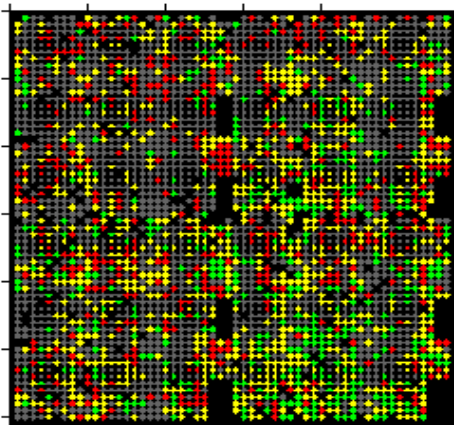
# 六、基因芯片数据查询



## KEGG EXPRESSION Database

for mapping gene expression profiles to pathways and genomes

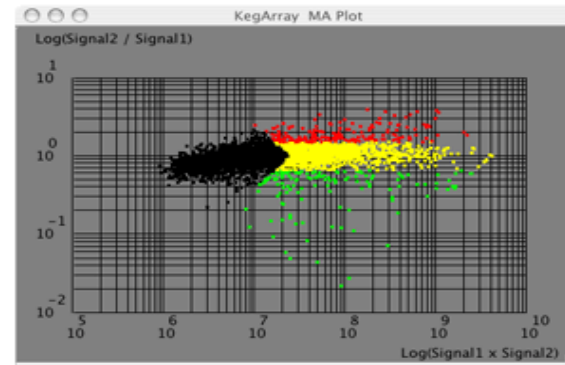
### KEGG EXPRESSION Database



**KEGG EXPRESSION** is a repository of microarray gene expression profile data for *Synechocystis* PCC6803 (syn), *Bacillus subtilis* (bsu), *Escherichia coli* W3110 (ecj), *Anabaena* PCC7120 (ana), and other species contributed by the Japanese research community.

- List of experimental data available
- DBGET search
- Download data by FTP
- CYORF: cyanobacteria database
- BSORF: *Bacillus subtilis* database

### KegArray



**KegArray** is a standalone Java application for integrated analysis of gene expression profiles together with KEGG pathways and KEGG genomes. KegArray runs on Mac and Windows and is made freely available to both academic and non-academic users.

- [Download KegArray](#)

### Other KEGG Resources

- [KEGG API](#) - for software developers
- [LinkDB](#) - for finding genes that are mapped to KEGG pathways
- [Color genes in the KEGG pathway map](#)

<http://www.genome.jp/kegg/expression/>





Thank You !

